## Art and Design Progression of Skills

| Skill focus | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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| Drawing (pencil, charcoal, inks, chalk, pastels, ICT software) | - Begin to use a variety of drawing tools <br> - Use drawings to tell <br> a story <br> - Investigate different lines <br> - Explore different textures <br> - Encourage accurate drawings ofpeople | - Extend the use a variety of drawing tools - Explore different textures <br> - Observe patterns <br> - Observe anatomy, faces and limbs. Vocab; artist, crosshatching, draw, line, shape, tone | - Experiment with tools and surfaces, <br> - Draw as way of recording experiences and feelings, discuss use of shadows, use oflight and dark <br> - Sketch to make quick records | - Experiment with the potential of various pencils, <br> - Close observation <br> - Draw both the positive and negative shapes - Initial sketches as a preparation for painting - Accurate drawings of people Particularly faces | - Identify and draw the effect of light <br> - Scale and proportion <br> - Accurate drawings of whole people including proportion and placement <br> - Work on a variety of scales <br> - Computer generated drawings | - Effect of light on objects and people from different directions <br> - Interpret the texture <br> -Produce increasingly accurate drawings of people <br> - Concept of perspective | - Effect of light on objects from different directions <br> - Interpret the texture of <br> a surface <br> - Produce increasingly accurate drawings of people <br> - Concept of perspective |
| Painting (paint, ink, dye,pencils, crayon,pastels) | - Experiment with and using primary colours <br> - Name <br> - Mix (not formal) <br> - Learn the names of different tools that bring colour <br> - Use a range of tools to make coloured marks on paper | - Primary and secondary colours - Name all the colours; warm and cool colours <br> - Mix and exploring of colours <br> - Find collections of colours <br> - Apply colour with a range of tools. <br> - Select and use different brushes to explore and make marks of different thicknesses and using wet and dry paint techniques. <br> - Spread and apply paint to make a background using widebrushes and other toolsto express backgrounds and context - Investigate markmaking using thick brushes, sponge brushes for particular effects. | - Begin to describe colours by objects, - Make as many tones of one colour as possible (using white), <br> - Darken colours using black, <br> - Use colour on a large scale <br> - Investigate, experiment, mix and apply colour for purposes to represent real life, ideas and convey mood. <br> - Use colour and painting skills and applysurface techniques to create or suggest a place, time or season. | - Colour mixing, make colour wheels, introduce different types of brushes, techniques apply colour using dotting, scratching and splashing. <br> - Understand how artists use warm and cool colour using this when mixing paint to express a mood in a work. <br> - Represent things observed, remembered or imagined, using colour selecting appropriate paint and brushes. - Introduce different types of brushes for specific purposes. <br> - Explore the effect on paint of adding waters, glue, sand, sawdust and use this in a painting. | - Mix and use primary and secondary colours with the addition of blackand white and other hues. <br> -Create a painting from designs and research to communicate an idea or emotion. | - Hue, tint, tone, shades and mood <br> - Explore the use of texture in colour <br> - Colour for purposes <br> - Create different effects by using a variety of toolsand techniques such as dots, scratches and splashes, and applying paint in layers. - Select from different methods to apply colour using a variety of tools and techniques to express mood or emotion. <br> - Plan/paint symbols, forms, shapes, and composition when exploring the work of otherartists/ cultures informing their painting. | - Explore the use of texture in colour <br> - Use colour to express feeling <br> - Use studies gathered from observation to help plan and realise paintings, using thumbnail studies and paint techniques to represent action or interaction. <br> - Show the effect of light and colour, texture and tone on natural and manmade objects. |


| Collage (paper, photomontage, mosaic) | - Handle, manipulate and enjoy using materials <br> - Sensory experience <br> - Simple collages | - Select with thought, different materials from the teachers resources, considering content, shape, surface and texture. <br> - Select, sort and modify by cutting, tearing. <br> - Use paste and adhesive to select and place cut and torn shapes into a surface to convey an idea. | - Select, sort and modify by cutting, tearing with care before adding other marks and colour to represent an idea. <br> - Use paste and adhesive to select and place cut and torn shapes into a surface toconvey an idea. - Sort and use accordingto specific qualities e.g. warm, cold, shiny, smooth, | - Improve skills of overlapping and overlaying to place objects in front and behind <br> -Cut multiple shapes with scissors and arrange/stick these on asurface for a purpose <br> - Experiment with creating mood, feeling, movement and areas of interest using different media <br> - Interpret stories, music, poems and other stimuli and represent these using mixed media elements. | - Use the natural/ town environment as a stimulus for a mixed media work to convey meaning <br> - Make a representational textured image from found textures that have been selected | - Select and use cutting tools and adhesives with care to achieve a specific outcome <br> - Embellish a surface using a variety of techniques, including drawing, painting and printing | - Select and use found materials with art media and adhesives to assemble and representa surface or thing e.g. water <br> - Embellish decoratively using more layers of found materials to build complexity and represent the qualities ofa surface or thing. |
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| Printing (found materials, wood blocks, press print, lino, string) | - Print with variety of objects <br> - Print with block colours | - Apply ink to a shape or surface to experiment with printing and improving the quality and placement of the image. They can use hands, feet, shapes, objects, and found materials <br> - Monoprint by marking onto an ink block, or drawing onto the back of paper on an inked block, controlling line and tone using tools orpressure - Take rubbings from texture to understand and inform their own texture prints | - Repeat a pattern, randomly placed or tiled in a grid with a range of blocks <br> - Explore and create patterns and textures with an extended range of found materials e.g. sponges, leaves, ink, pads. | - Explore lines, marks, and tones through monoprinting on a variety of papers to create an image. <br> - Explore images and recreate texture in a Collograph print using e.g. corrugated card, string, pressprint. | - Design a complex pattern made up from two or more motifs and print a tiled version. -Compare own design and pattern making withthat of well-known designers or familiar patterns. -Cut a simple stencil and use this for making printed shapes. | - Make connections between own work and patterns in their local environment e.g. curtains, wallpaper. <br> - Recreate images through relief printing using card and mark making tools to control, line, shape texture and tone. <br> - Explore colour mixing through printing, using two coloured inks a roller and stencil or prespring/easiprint polyblocks. | - Recreate a scene and detail remembered, observed or imagined though collage relief 'collograph' printing. <br> - Design prints for e.g. fabrics, book covers, wallpaper or wrapping paper. |


| Sculpting <br> (clay, mod rock, plaster, dough, wire, paper sculpture, textiles) | - Handle, manipulate and enjoy using materials. <br> - Build, shape and model a simple structure. | - Handle and manipulate rigid and malleable materials such as clay, card and found objects to represent something known and suggest familiar objects or things. <br> - Model in malleable/ plastic materials and control form to assemble basic shapesor forms e.g. bodies, heads and add surfacefeatures. | - Respond to sculptures and craft artists to help them adapt and make their own work. <br> - Feel, recognise and control surface experimenting with basic tools on rigid/ pliable materials. <br> - Use clay to construct a simple functional form such as a pinch pot or coil pot, smoothing and joining clay with care. | - Create textured surfaces using rigid and plastic materials and a variety of tools. <br> -Construct a structure in linear or soft media before then covering thesurface to make a form. <br> - Design and make a 3D form as a maquette for a larger imagined piece and consider form/function. | - Identify and assemble found materials to make a new form, carefully covering with ModRoc or papier mache. <br> - Scale a design up to a larger scale and work as part of a group to createa human scale structureor form. <br> - Build in clay a functional form using two/three building techniques and some surface decoration. | - Explore how a stimuli can be used as a startingpoint for 3D work with a particular focus on form, shape, pattern, texture, colour. <br> - Use study of 3D work from a variety of genres and cultures to develop their own response through models, experimentation and design stages. <br> - Recreate 2D images in 3D, looking at one area of experience e.g. recreate a landscape or figure focusing on form/surface. | - Make imaginative useof the knowledge they have acquired of tools, techniques and materials to express own ideas and feelings. <br> - Apply knowledge of different techniques to expressive scale, weightor a concept. |
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